WORLD HYPERTENSION DAY





Approximately one in three South Africans suffers from high blood pressure (hypertension). This is a major risk factor for heart attacks and strokes. Suffering from hypertension has also proven to be a major risk factor in disease severity for people who are infected with the COVID-19 virus.

RISK FACTORS

- Age: the older one is, the higher the risk.
- Family history: Genetics is a major role player in developing hypertension
- Smoking markedly increases the risk of heart disease or stroke.
- Excess alcohol regular alcohol intake is clearly associated with high blood pressure.
- Being overweight Obesity increases the risk of developing high blood pressure.
- Low physical activity.

MANAGE HYPERTENSION WITH LIFESTYLE CHOICES

- Take your chronic medication as prescribed and make sure to have at a least two-week supply.
- Eat healthy. Get plenty of vegetables, fruits, and whole grains. Choose non-fat dairy and lean meats.
- Decrease salt intake in your diet.
- If you are obese, lose weight as it reduces your blood pressure.
- Do regular exercise as it lowers blood pressure helps with stress and weight loss.
- Manage stress in healthy ways such as deep breathing or meditation.
- Quit smoking. Tobacco causes blood pressure to rise and plaque to build up quickly in your arteries.
- Avoid or limit alcohol intake.